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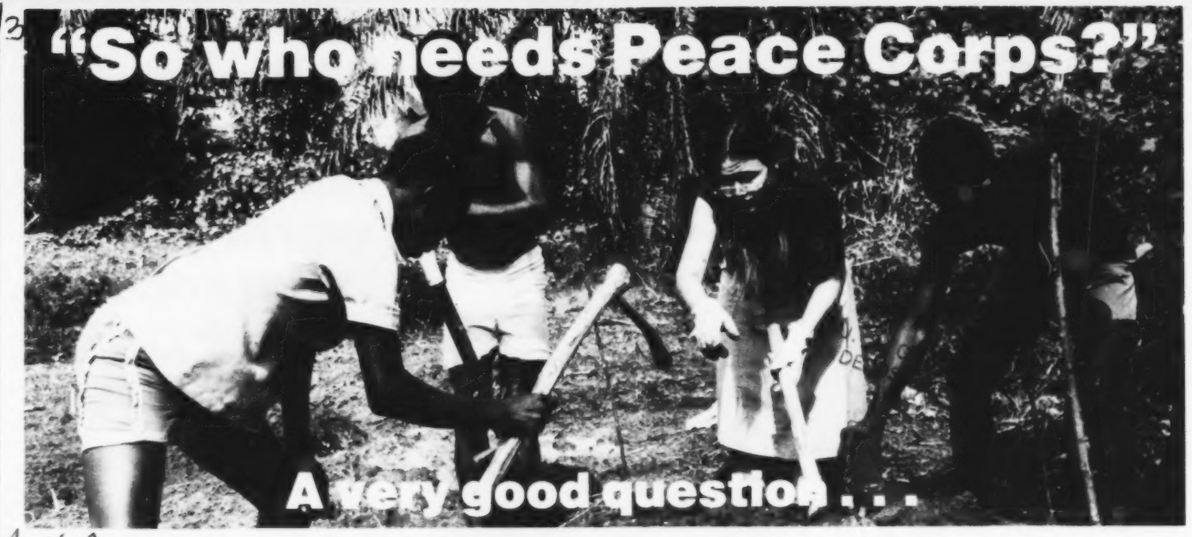

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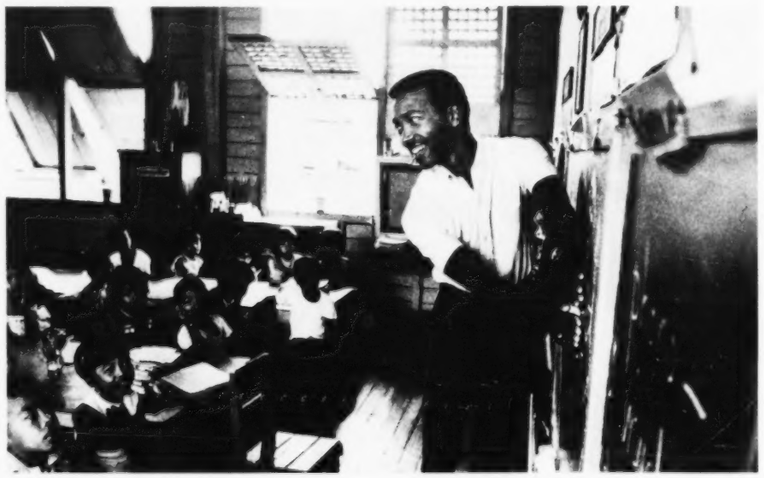
. . . with only 800,000,000 answers.

That's how many destitute people live in the Third World today. They live in need of food and safe drinking water . . . basic medical care . . . education and skill training. They need the fundamentals of a longer, healthier, better life.

Since 1961, they have been able to turn to Peace Corps for help and ideas: For the commitment of Peace Corps volunteers who journey to their towns and villages to live and work with them. Helping them find answers to the kinds of questions that foster self-reliance. Which

is how, over the years, the Third World has learned to count on Peace Corps.

But today's dwindling global resources, scarcer energy and troubled economies only make the work of Peace Corps volunteers that much more important to them. While rising international tensions and the threat of a renewed arms race make it that much more important to us.



Because we are a non-political, world-wide program, Peace Corps enjoys a special measure of acceptance in the countries we help. Which gives us a chance to do more than construct irrigation systems and schools. Or train nurses and farmers. It gives us a unique opportunity to tell others about America, ourselves, while we learn from them.

You see, just as important as the bridges we might build in the mountains of Guatemala, are the bridges Peace Corps builds between peoples. Bridges which create a tradition of cooperation . . . and mutual trust . . . a legacy of friendship, and the foundation for continued peace. Which is, after all, what Peace Corps is all about.

The Third World loves to tell our volunteers where to go.

Which is why they're always asking for more of them. In over 60 developing nations, Peace Corps has been invited to work on projects selected by our host countries. That way, we know the help we're providing is both needed and wanted. And our volunteers know that their efforts are appropriate, as well as useful. It makes becoming a daily part of our host communities—a key to our success—that much easier.

Volunteers live and work among the villagers, farmers and students of the Third World. Standing shoulder to shoulder with them, as colleagues and equals. They work on such basic but vital programs as food production, water supply, nutrition, health education, and the development of human resources. Helping to increase knowledge and skills, economic prosperity, income, housing, available energy, conservation and community services.

Volunteers are asked, for example, to assist public health project physicians in the Kingdom of Tonga. To teach home improvement and crafts to the women of a Colombian village. We help Filipino fishermen increase harvests . . . design water supply systems for Belize . . . and start buffalo banks in Thailand.

So far, more than 80,000 Americans have worked as volunteers on projects such as these, including the 6,000-plus who serve today. As a result, each month more than a million lives are directly affected by their work.

Peace Corps volunteers grow rich . . . on $4.17 a day.

That's the pay—$125 a month. Of course, the volunteers don't get it until they return home. But that doesn't matter, because they don't work for the money. They get rich on the experience.

And the experience of two years in Peace Corps is priceless. That's because volunteers share more than just their labor with Third World peoples. They share themselves. Which means they bring back friendships and maturity, as well as technical skills. And a unique knowledge of other peoples and cultures which not only helps them . . . it helps all of us, as a nation, to understand better what's happening in today's world.

Peace Corps volunteers work with their hearts, as well as their heads and their hands. So they make a personal investment in peace. In return for their sweat, toil, energy and caring, they get plenty: A genuine sense of accomplishment. The pleasure of meeting a challenge. The private joy of giving.

And that seems to be enough to make the hard work, long hours and personal sacrifice worth it. Because, despite the rigors of Peace Corps duty, more than 9 out of 10 volunteers would do it again.

Sound remarkable? Well, it is. But then, so are the people who become Peace Corps volunteers.

At Peace Corps we're making a world of difference.

To be eligible to become a Peace Corps volunteer, an applicant must be a U.S. citizen and at least 18 years of age (although few under the age of 20 have sufficient skills and experience). There is no upper age limit. Peace Corps welcomes the special knowledge born from years of experience and insight that volunteers age 50 and over bring with them.

One must be healthy and meet our legal requirements. Married couples (usually without young dependents) can serve if they can be placed together. And handicapped volunteers have been among our most successful and are encouraged to apply.

For detailed information on requirements, contact the nearest Peace Corps recruitment office or call, toll free, 800-424-8580.

There is no discrimination because of race, color, national origin, age, political beliefs, sex or religion. All Peace Corps services are administered on a non-discriminatory basis. Anyone who feels he/she has been discriminated against may write to the Assistant Director for Equal Opportunity, ACTION, Washington, D.C. 20525.